

solution

EE101 Quiz 8, March 5, 2019

Name _____ Student ID Number _____

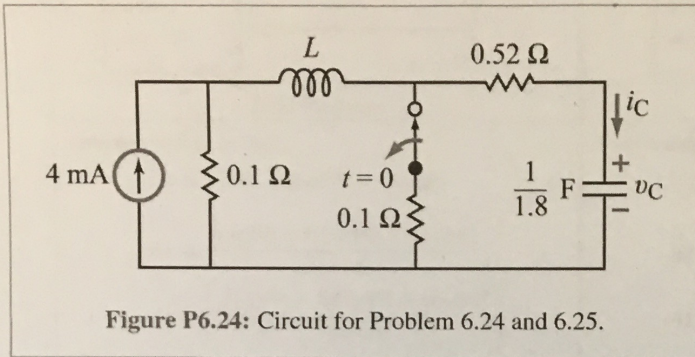


Figure P6.24: Circuit for Problem 6.24 and 6.25.

*6.25 Choose the value of the inductor in the circuit of Fig. 6.24 so that v_C exhibits a critically damped response and determine $v_C(t)$ for $t \geq 0$.

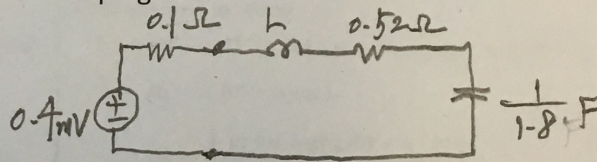
See next page for critical damping.

Part A (5 points) Find the value of L for critical damping for $t > 0$.

(Answer) $L = \underline{0.0534}$ Henry

Show the details of your calculation

RLC circuit $\alpha = \frac{R}{2L}$ $\omega = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$
critically damped when $\alpha = \omega \Rightarrow \frac{R}{2L} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$



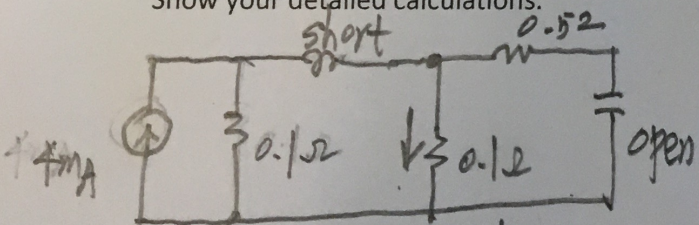
$$\left(\frac{R}{2L}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{LC} \Rightarrow \frac{R^2}{4L^2} = \frac{1}{LC} \Rightarrow \frac{R^2}{4L} = \frac{1}{C}$$

$$\text{or } L = \frac{R^2 C}{4} = \frac{(0.52 + 0.1)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{1.8}}{4} = 0.0534 \text{ H}$$

Part B (5 points) Find initial conditions for $i_L(0)$ $v_C(0)$.

(Answer) $i_L(0) = \underline{2 \text{ mA}}$ $v_C(0) = \underline{0.2 \text{ mV}}$

Show your detailed calculations.



$$i_L(0) = 4 \text{ mA} \times \frac{0.1}{0.1 + 0.1} = 2 \text{ mA}$$

$$v_{0.1\Omega} = 2 \text{ mA} \times 0.1 = 0.2 \text{ mV} = v_C(0)$$

$$i_L(0) =$$